# Technology and Innovation at Johnson Space Center

John Saiz, Johnson Space Center

NASA is committed to keeping the United States at the forefront of human space exploration. In 2011, the agency released its strategic plan. One of the strategic goals calls for the creation of innovative new space technologies for exploration, science, and economic security.

NASA's chief technologist serves as the NASA administrator's principal advisor and advocate on matters concerning agency-wide technology policy and programs. The Office of the Chief Technologist is responsible for direct management of NASA's Space Technology programs and for coordination and tracking of all technology investments across the agency. The office also serves as the NASA technology point of entry and contact with other government agencies, academia, and the commercial aerospace community. The office is responsible for developing and executing innovative technology partnerships, technology transfer, and commercial activities, and for the development of collaboration models for NASA. This office has also developed NASA's integrated technology roadmap to show how these technologies can contribute to NASA's missions and significant national needs (page xx). The keystone of that vision is effective and coordinated management technology development and innovation from Headquarters through each NASA field center resulting in leading-edge missions of the future. The field centers have been charged with providing technologies that support both national needs and human space exploration.

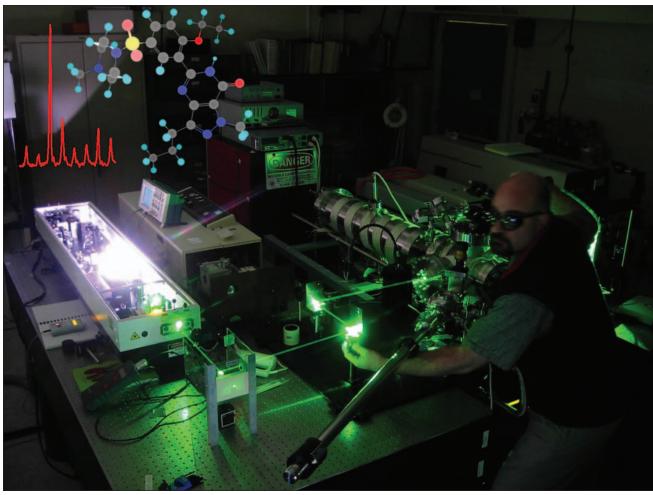
The chief technologist at Johnson Space Center (JSC) works closely with JSC's senior scientists, technologists, and managers to optimize available resources, select appropriate technologies, and manage a portfolio of innovation and technology projects. Center technology portfolio management efforts are coordinated according to a strategy for center innovation and technology that is based on the following innovation and technology strategic themes:

- 1. Develop the human space flight workforce of tomorrow.
- Invest and nurture core capabilities needed for the future.

- 3. Establish a consistent approach to guide future commitments.
- 4. Foster "integrative thinking."

With these strategic themes in mind, the JSC chief technologist has established a set of initiatives that represent JSC's commitment to develop new technologies related to NASA Strategic Goals. These initiatives include:

- Technology and Innovation Projects
  - Center-Level Independent Research and Development –
     Multi-year technology project fund series supports
     collaborations that assure silo-smashing integration
     needed for cross-cutting technologies in five priority
     topic areas including: 1. Technologies for Space
     Environment Protection; 2. Technology Enabling
     Planetary Science; 3. Space Healthcare Innovations;
     4. Planetary Surface Operations; and 5. Energy and
     Propulsion Technologies.
- Directorate-Level Independent Research and Development – Annual fund assigned directly to JSC's major research and development-producing organizations to maintain key technology area proficiencies needed to support future missions.
- *Innovative Charge Account* Provides numerous small dollar value awards for individuals to pursue ideas. More importantly, the intent for Innovative Charge Account is to create the innovation time recognized as vital to a center-wide environment of ingenuity and creativity.
- Technology and Innovation Infrastructure
- \* Innovation Facilities, Tools and Symposia There are a number of facilities (e.g., the Innovation Design Center) at JSC where the community can gather to develop ideas and plan. In addition, the chief technologist is working with a number of organizations to pilot test and deploy open innovation tools (e.g., NASA@Work) to leverage an empowered workforce with the creative energies in academia and industry. Their calendar includes a continuum of events (e.g., Innovation 2011, TEDx [Technology, Entertainment, Design] events, etc.) throughout the year with the



Johnson Space Center laser mass spectrometer being used for microscopic organic analysis.

intention of fostering creativity, and moving personnel outside of normal circles to expose the workforce to new ideas, issues, and perspectives.

 Cadre of Innovators Pilot – Induction of candidates for membership into an elite cadre that would be supported with additional resources to continue creating. The cadre would "give back" to the community by mentoring the younger talent at JSC and sharing their experiences at public schools and universities to

- encourage young minds to consider careers in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
- Research and Technology Ambassador Assignments –
  Provides a unique opportunity for JSC employees to
  benefit from "immersion experiences" to gain a
  full appreciation of innovative cultures outside of
  JSC, and for JSC to develop and maintain strategic
  partnerships, collaborations, and alliances that achieve
  our business objectives.

## **Technology and Innovation at Johnson Space Center**

continued

Successful achievement of these initiatives provides the catalyst for continued excellence in those capabilities that are the hallmark of JSC. Continued vigilance in maintenance of these competencies, capabilities, and the workforce skilled in their application is essential to remaining a world-class center for human space exploration.

JSC is committed to bringing the excitement and reward of innovation and technology to a growing communityways that inspire new ideas, enthusiasm, and a desire to be part of a new era of human space exploration.

## **Relating the Johnson Space Center** Innovation and Technology Initiatives to NASA **Technology Roadmaps**

JSC engineers and scientists are fully engaged in NASA's significant technology development efforts, and their contributions have relevance to the agency's goals. JSC has active research and technology initiatives (highlighted in red) in almost all of the areas depicted on the Space Technology Roadmap (right).

# **Space Technology Roadmaps**— **Technology Area Breakdown Structure**

## **TA01**

## Launch **Propulsion** Systems

#### **Solid Rocket Propulsion Systems**

- Propellants
- Case Materials • Nozzle Systems
- Hvbrid Rocket Propulsion Systems
- Fundamental Solid Propulsion Technologies

#### **Liquid Rocket Propulsion Systems**

- LH<sub>2</sub>/LOX Based • RP/LOX Based
- CH /LOX Based Detonation Wave Engines (Closed
- Cycle) Propellants
- Fundamental **Liquid Propulsion** Technologies

### Air Breathing **Propulsion Systems**

- TBCC
- RBCC
- Detonation Wave Engines (Open Cycle)
- Turbine Based Jet Fngines (Flyback Boosters)
- Ramjet/ Scramiet Engines
- (Accelerators) · Deeply-cooled Air Cycles
- Air Collection & Enrichment System
- Fundamental Air Breathing Propulsion Technologies

# Ancillary Propulsion Systems

- **Auxiliary Control** Systems
- Main Propulsion **Systems** (Excluding **Engines**)
- Launch Abort Systems • Thrust Vector
- **Control Systems**  Health Management &
- Pyro & Separation **Systems**
- Fundamental Ancillary Propulsion Technologies

#### Unconventional / Other Propulsion Systems

- Ground Launch Assist
- Air Launch / Drop Systems

- Space Tether Assist
- Beamed Energy / Energy Addition
- Nuclear · High Energy Density Materials/Propellants

## TAO2 In-Space

Propulsion

## Technologies Chemical Propulsion

- Liquid Storable Liquid Cryogenic
- Gels
- Solid Hybrid
- Cold Gas/
- Warm Gas Micro-propulsion

## Non-Chemical

- Propulsion Flectric Propulsion
- Solar Sail Propulsion Thermal Propulsion
  - Tether Propulsion Advanced (TRL <3)

## Propulsion **Technologies**

- Beamed Energy Propulsion
- Electric Sail Propulsion
- Fusion Propulsion High Energy Density
- Materials
- Antimatter Propulsion Advanced Fission Breakthrough
- Propulsion Supporting

## Technologies Engine Health

- Monitoring & Safety **Propellant Storage**
- & Transfer Materials &
- Manufacturing Technologies
- Heat Rejection Power

# ТАОЗ

## Space Power & **Energy Storage**

### Power Generation

- Energy Harvesting Chemical (Fuel Cells, Heat **Engines**)
- Solar (Photo-Voltaic & Thermal)
- Radioisotope
- Fission
- **Energy Storage** Flywheels
- Cells

#### **Power Management** & Distribution

- **FDIR**
- Management & Control
- **Distribution &**
- **Transmission** Wireless Power
- Transmission Conversion &

#### Regulation Cross Cutting

- Technology
- Green Energy Impact Multi-functional
- Alternative Fuels

## TAO4 Robotics,

## **TeleRobotics** & Autonomous **Systems**

## **Sensing & Perception**

- Stereo Vision • LIDAR
- Proximity Sensing
- Sensing Non-Geometric Terrain Properties
- Estimating Terrain Mechanical Properties
- Tactile Sensing Arrays
- Gravity Sensors &
- Celestial Nav. Terrain Relati
- Navigation Real-time Selfcalibrating of Handeve Systems

## Mobility

- Simultaneous
- Localiz. & Mapping
- Hazard Detection
- Algorithms
- Active Illumination
- 3-D Path Planning w/ Uncertainty
- Long-life Extr. Enviro Mechanisms

## Robotic Jet Backpacks

- Smart Tethers Robot Swarms
- Walking in Micro-g

## Manipulation Motion Planning Alg., High DOF

- Sensing & Control Robot Arms (light,
- high strength) Dexterous Manipul., Robot Hands Sensor Fusion for
- Grasping

  Grasp Planning
- Algorithms Robotic Drilling Mechanisms
- Multi-arm / Finger Manipulation Planning with Uncertainty

#### **Human-Systems** Integration

- **Crew Decision Support Systems**
- Immersive Visualization
- Distributed
- Collaboration • Multi Agent
- Coordination
- Haptic Displays Displaying Range Data to Humans

## Autonomy

- Spacecraft Control Systems
- · Vehicle Health, Prog/
- Diag Systems Human Life Support
- Systems Planning/Scheduling
- Resources Operations
- Integrated Systems Health
- Management
- FDIR & Diagnosis System Monitoring &
- Prognosis V&V of Complex Adaptive Systems
- Automated Software
- Generation Software Reliability • Semi Automatic

### Systems Autonomous Rendezvous &

- Docking
- Capture Low impact & Androgenous Docking Systems &
- Interfaces • Relative Navigation
- Sensors Robust AR&D GN&C
- Algorithms & FSW
- Onboard Mission Manager AR&D Integration &

## Standardization RTA Systems

- Engineering
- Human safety Refueling Interfaces & Assoc. Tools
- Modular/Serviceable Interfaces · High Perf., Low Power Onboard
- Computers Environment
- Tolerance

  Thermal Control
- Robot-to-Suit Interfaces Common Human-
- **Robot Interfaces**

## **TA05**

## Communication & Navigation

# Ontical Comm. 8

- **Navigation**
- Development Large Apertures
- Acquisition &
- Tracking Atmospheric Mitigation

#### Radio Frequency Communications

- Spectrum Efficient Technologies
- Power Efficient Technologies
- Propagation Flight & Ground
- Farth Launch &
- Reentry Comm.

### Internetworking

- Disruptive Tolerant Networking
- Adaptive Network Topology
  • Information
- Assurance
- Integrated Network Management

#### Position, Navigation, and Timing Timekeeping

- Time Distribution
- Onboard Auto Navigation & Maneuver
- Sensors & Vision Processing Systems
- Relative & Proximity Navigation
- Auto Precision
- Formation Flying Auto Approach & Landing

## Integrated Technologies

- Radio SystemsUltra Wideband
- Cognitive Networks
- · Science from the Comm. System Hybrid Optical
- Comm. & Nav. Sensors
- RF/Optical Hybrid Technology

## Revolutionary Concepts

- X-Ray Navigation • X-Ray
- Communications Neutrino-Based Navigation & Tracking
- Quantum Key Distribution
- Quantum
- Communications SQIF Microwave
- Amplifier
- Reconfigurable Large Apertures

## TA06

## Human Health, Life Support & Habitation Systems

**Environmental** Control & Life Support Systems & Habitation Systems

- Air Revitalization
- Water Recovery & Management
- Waste Management Habitation

### Extravehicular **Activity Systems**

- Pressure Gar
   Portable Life
- Support System Power, Avionics and Software

#### **Human Health &** Performance **Medical Diagn**

- **Prognosis** Long-Duration Health
- Behavioral Health & Performance
- Human Factors & Performance

## Environmental Monitoring, Safety & Emergency Response

- Sensors: Air, Water, Microbial, etc.
- Fire: Detection. Suppression Protective Clothing / Breathing
- Remediation

## Radiation

- Risk Assessment Modeling
  Radiation Mitigation
- Protection Systems
- Space Weather Prediction
- Monitoring Technology

## TAO7 Human

## **Exploration** Destination **Systems**

## In-Situ Resource Utilization

- Destination Reconnaissance, Prospecting, & Mapping
- Resource Acquisition
- Consumables Production
- Manufacturing & Infrastructure Emplacement

## Sustainability & Supportability

- Logistics Systems Maintenance Systems
- Repair Systems "Advanced"

#### **Human Mobility** Systems **EVA Mobility**

 Surface Mobility Off-Surface

## "Advanced" **Habitat Systems**

 Integrated Habitat Systems

### Habitat E **Mission Operations** & Safety

- Crew Training Environmenta
- Protection Remote Mission
- Operations Planetary Safety

## **Cross-Cutting** Systems

- Modeling, Simulations & Destination
- Characterization Construction &
- Assembly Dust Prevention & Mitigation

# TA08

## Science Instruments, **Observatories** and Sensor **Systems**

## **Remote Sensing** Instruments /

- Sensors • Detectors & Foca
- Planes Flectronics
- Optical Components
- Microwave / Radio
- Lasers Cryogenic /

### Thermal **Observatories**

- Mirror Systems Structures &
- Antennas Distributed Aperture

## In-Situ Instruments / Sensor

- Particles: Charged & Neutral Fields & Waves
- In-Situ

### TAO9 & Devices

## **Entry, Descent** & Landing Systems

#### Aeroassist & Atmospheric Entry Rigid Therm Protection

- Systems Flexible Thermal Protection Systems
- Rigid Hypersonic Decelerators Deployable
- Hypersonic Decelerators Instrumentation & **Health Monitoring**

## **Entry Modeling** & Simulation

- Descent Attached Deployable
- Decelerators Trailing Deployable Decelerators
- Supersonic Retropropulsion
- GN&C Sensors Descent Modeling & Simulation

## Landing

- Touchdown Systems Earess & Deployment
- Systems Propulsion Systems
- Large Body GN&C Small Body Systems Landing Modeling & Simulation

#### Vehicle Systems Technology Architecture

- Separation Systems System Integration
- & Analyses Atmosphere & Surface Characterization

## TA10 Nanotechnology

## **Engineered Materials** & Structures

- Liahtweiaht Structures • Damage Tolerant
- Systems Coatings
- Adhesives Thermal Protection & Control

# **Energy Generation**

- & Storage
   Energy Storage
- Energy Generation Energy Distribution

## **Propulsion**

In-Space

Propulsion

PropellantsPropulsion Components

# Sensors, Electronics

 Sensors & Actuators Nanoelectronics

# Instruments

## Modeling, Simulation, Information Technology & **Processing**

- Flight Computing Ground Computing
- & Model-Checking Integrated
- **Human-System** Performance
- Science & Engineering Modelina

## & Standards

- Simulation
- Simulation Simulation-**Based Systems**
- Engineering Simulation-Based Training & Decision Support Systems

## Information Processing

- Science Mission Data
- Semantic Technologies Collaborative Science &
- Advanced Mission Systems

## TA12 **Materials** Structures, Mechanical Systems & Manufacturing

- Materials Lightweight
- Computational Desian
- Systems Environment

Structures Lightweight Concepts

- Miniature

#### Methods Innovative. TA11 Multifunctional Concepts

## Interfaces

Computing

## Modeling **Software Modeling**

- Hardware & **Software Modeling**
- Modeling
- Frameworks Languages, Tools

## Simulation Distributed

- Integrated
  System Lifecycle

- **Engineering &**
- Lifecycle Intelligent Data Understanding
- Engineering

- Structure
- Flexible Material
- Special Materials

Certification Methods Reliability &

• Design &

Sustainment • Test Tools &

- **Mechanical Systems** Deployables Docking and
- Mechanism Life Extension Systems Flectro-mechanical.
- Mechanical & Micromechanisms **Design & Analysis**
- Tools and Methods Reliability / Life Assessment / Health Monitoring

#### Certification Methods Manufacturing

Manufacturing Processes Intelligent Integrated

Manufacturing and

- Cyber Physical Systems Electronics & Optics . Manufacturing
- Sustainable Manufacturing
- Cross-Cutting Nondestructive **Evaluation &** Sensors Model-Based
- Certification & Sustainment Methods Loads and

## Environments TA13 **Ground &** Launch Systems

#### **Processing** Technologies to Optimize the Operational Life-Cvcle

 Storage, Distribution & Conservation of Fluids Automated Alignment, Coupling, & Assembly Systems

Autonomous

#### for Ground and Integrated Vehicle/ Ground Systems **Environmental and** Green Technologies

Remediation & Site

Command & Control

 Corrosion Prevention, Detection, & Mitigation Environmental

Restoration

- Preservation of Natural Ecosystems
- Alternate Energy

## Prototypes Technologies to Increase Reliability and Mission

- Availability Advanced Launch Technologies
- Environment-Hardened Materials and Structures Inspection, Anomaly
- Detection & Identification Fault Isolation and
- Diagnostics Prognostics Technologies Repair, Mitigation,
- and Recovery Technologies Communications, Networking, Timing

## & Telemetry Technologies to Improve Mission Safety/Mission Risk

- Range Tracking Surveillance & Flight Safety Technologies
- Landing & Recovery Systems & Components Weather Prediction
- and Mitigation Robotics / Telerobotics

## Safety Systems TA14 Thermal

### Management Systems

**Cryogenic Systems**  Passive Thermal Control Active Thermal

#### Control Integration & Modeling

**Thermal Control** Systems Heat Acquisition

#### Heat Transfer Heat Rejection & Energy Storage

Thermal Protection Svstems Entry / Ascent TPS Plume Shielding

## Sensor Systems & Measurement Technologies TA15

(Convective &

Radiative)

## **Aeronautics** Aerosciences

- Propulsion Airframe Integration Drag Reduction Novel Configurations
- Propulsion Airframe . Aeroacoustics Computational Methods

- Robust Aero
- Formation Flight Wake Vortex
- VSTOL/ESTOL • Reduce/Mitigate
- Sonic Boom Multidisciplinary Design & Analysis
- Tools Efficient

## Hypersonic Aero Propulsion and

- Power
- Quiet Propulsion . Ultra-clean Propulsion &
- Alternative Fuels Fuel Efficiency • Propulsion for STOL/
- VTOI Supersonic
- Propulsion Combined Cycle Hypersonic • Aero-Propulsion-
- Servo-Elasticity Robust Propulsion Hybrid Propulsion

and Power

• Variable Cycle Alternative Engine Cycles Intelligent Engines Integrated Power

### Management Dynamics, Control, Navigation, Guidance, and

Avionics

- Guidance • Distributed Decision,
- Uncertainty, & Flight Path Distrib Flow Contr.
- of Veh. Dyn. • Intelligent &
- Adaptive Control • Fault-Tolerant IVHM On-Board Weather
- Pilot Vehicle Integration · Synthetic &
- Enhanced Vision UAV in the NAS Advanced V&V · Load, Vibr. & Stability

### Control Advanced Comm. Intelligent & Human

Integrated Systems Complex Interactive

Systems

Separation

- Assurance Wake Vortex Systems Architecture
- Vulnerability Analysis for Air Traffic Control · Air Traffic Control for Adverse Weathe

· Collaborative

- Decision Systems Operational Maintenance Data Task & Attention
- Environmentally Friendly Aviation Super Density Operations

Management